

**GRADE: XI A**

**PERIODIC TEST – III**

**DATE: 07.11.22**

**MARKS: 40**

**PHYSICS (042)**

**TIME: 1½ Hrs**

**SECTION A**

**10x1=10**

1. The maximum velocity (in m/s) with which a car driver must reverse flat curve of radius 150 m and coefficient of friction 0.6 to avoid skidding is  
(a) 60 (b) 30 (c) 15 (d) 25
2. A graph is drawn with a force along y-axis and time along x-axis. The area under the graph represent  
(a) Momentum (b) Couple (c) Moment of the force  
(d) Impulse of the force
3. If two forces are acting at a point such that the magnitude of each force is 2N and the magnitude of their resultant is also 2N, then the angle between the two forces is  
(a) 120° (b) 60° (c) 90° (d) 0°
4. If the linear momentum is increased by 50%, then kinetic energy will increase by  
(a) 50% (b) 100% (c) 125% (d) 25%
5. A spring of force constant  $800 \text{ Nm}^{-1}$  has an extension of 5 cm. The work done in extending it from 5 cm to 15 cm is  
(a) 16 J (b) 8 J (c) 35 J (d) 24 J
6. Two bodies with kinetic energies in the ratio 4 : 1 are moving with equal linear momentum. The ratio of their masses is  
(a) 4 : 1 (b) 1 : 1 (c) 1 : 2 (d) 1 : 4

**For question numbers 7 to 10, two statements are given-one labeled Assertion (A) and the other labeled Reason ©. Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below.**

- a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
  - b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
  - c. A is true but R is false.
  - d. A is false and R is also false.
7. **ASSERTION:** Frictional forces are conservative forces.  
**REASON:** Potential energy can be associated with frictional force.
  8. **ASSERTION:** On a banked curved track, without friction, horizontal component of normal reaction provides the necessary centripetal force.  
**REASON:** Centripetal force is not always required for turning.
  9. **ASSERTION:** When a body moves along a circular path no work is done by the centripetal force.  
**REASON:** The centripetal force is used in moving the body along a circular path and hence no work is done.

10. **ASSERTION:** Work is done by or against force of friction in moving a body through any round trip is zero.

**REASON:** This is because friction is a conservative force.

### SECTION B

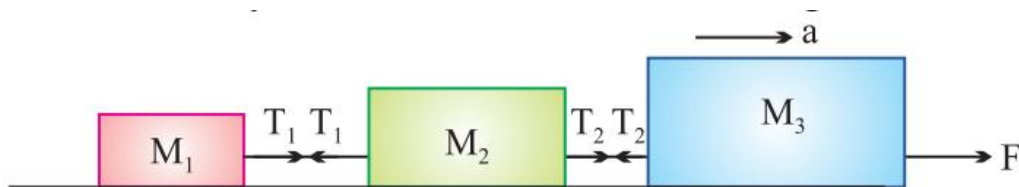
4x2=8

11. a) Why is it difficult to catch a cricket ball than a tennis ball even when both are moving with the same velocity?  
b) Calculate the impulse necessary to stop a 1500 kg car moving at a speed of  $25 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ .
12. A spring balance is attached to the ceiling of a lift. When the lift is at rest spring balance reads 49 N of a body hang on it. If the lift moves:  
(i) Downward  
(ii) upward, with an acceleration of  $5 \text{ ms}^{-2}$
13. Find the work done if a particle moves from position  $r_1=3i+2j-6k$  to  $r_2=14i+13j-9k$  under the effect of force  $F=4i+j+3k$
14. a) Does the P.E. of a spring decreases or increases when it is compressed or stretched?  
b) Define the conservative and non-conservative forces. Give examples of each.

### SECTION C

4x3=12

15. Three blocks of masses  $m_1=10 \text{ kg}$ ,  $m_2=20 \text{ kg}$  are connected by strings on smooth horizontal surface and pulled by a force of 60 N. Find the acceleration of the system and frictions in the string.



16. Two blocks of mass 2 kg and 5 kg are connected by an ideal string passing over a pulley. The block of mass 2 kg is free to slide on a surface inclined at an angle of  $30^\circ$  with the horizontal whereas 5 kg block hangs freely. Find the acceleration of the system and the tension in the string.
17. a) A car of mass 2000 kg is lifted up a distance of 30 m by a crane in 1 min. A second crane does the same job in 2 min. Do the cranes consume the same or different amounts of fuel? What is the power supplied by each crane?  
b) State the two conditions under which a force does no work ?
18. Define elastic and inelastic collision. A lighter body collides with a much more massive body at rest. Prove that the direction of lighter body is reversed and massive body remains at rest.

**SECTION D****2x5=10**

19. a) Why circular roads are banked? Derive an expression for angle of banking for safe circular turn. Consider that coefficient of friction between the tyre and road is  $\mu$ .
- b) Why does a speedy motor cyclist bends towards the centre of a circular path while taking a turn on it ?
20. a) Obtain an expression for minimum velocity of projection of a body at the lowest point for looping a vertical loop with help of neat diagram.
- b) Explain why the water doesn't fall even at the top of the circle when the bucket full of water is upside down rotating in a vertical circle?